

1 STANDARD TOTAL GREEN

ELISA TEST | In vitro analysis

for the quantitative determination of Total Aflatoxin in corn

ProGnosis Biotech S.A. is ISO 9001:2015 certified by TÜV Hellas (TÜV NORD).

Use only the current version of Product Data Sheet enclosed with the kit.

1 Standard Total Green, D5148, is an immunoassay method that determines the total Aflatoxin in corn samples. The ELISA kit contains all reagents required for the immunoassay method. The ELISA test is adequate for 48 definitions (Zero Standard (St1) is included). A spectrophotometer for microtiter ELISA plate is required.

Matrices:

Cereals: Corn

- Sample preparation: extraction, centrifugation
- Test time (incubation time after samples and reagents preparation): 15min
- Standard curve range: 0 - 50ppb
- Shelf life: 14 months
- Storage: 2-8°C

Specifications

- The LOD of the method is 1.5ppb Total Aflatoxin.
- The LOQ of the method is 2.5ppb Total Aflatoxin.
- The recovery of spiked extractions-matrices was 90.3% (CV = 9.6%).
- Coefficient of Variation (CV) of result at 8ppb = 6.8% (n=16)
- The cross-reaction of the anti-Aflatoxin B1 antibody with Aflatoxin B1, B2, G1 and G2 is 100, 80, 80 and 55% respectively.

1. Description

1 Standard Total Green is an ELISA test for the detection of Total Aflatoxin in corn.

2. General Information

Aflatoxins are toxic metabolites of major concern to the food industry, generally produced by *Aspergillus flavus*, *A. parasiticus* and *A. nomius*. They can have immunosuppressive, mutagenic, teratogenic and carcinogenic effects. Aflatoxins (AF) can be present in grains, spices, cereals and other commodities associated with human food or animal feed. Crops may be contaminated with aflatoxins. AFB1 is the most toxic and frequently detected form. The other types (B2, G1 and G2) present a significant danger if the concentration is at a high level. Animals are exposed to aflatoxins by consumption of feeds that have fungal strains producing aflatoxins during growth, harvest or storage. Symptoms of toxicity in animals range from death to chronic diseases, reproductive interference, immune suppression, decreased milk and egg production. Most controlling government agencies worldwide have regulations regarding the amount of AF allowable in human and animal foodstuffs. Accurate and rapid determination of aflatoxin presence in commodities is of paramount importance.

3. Principle of the Method

The quantitative test is based on the enzyme linked immunosorbent assay principles. The wells of the microtiter strips are coated with total aflatoxin specific antibodies. Toxins are extracted from a ground sample using the extraction powder provided with the kit. Aflatoxin standards or samples and Aflatoxin-HRP conjugate (detection solution) are added into the coated wells. Aflatoxin-HRP conjugate binds to the binding sites of coated antibodies that are not already occupied by Aflatoxin of standards or samples. Any unbound Aflatoxin-HRP conjugate of detection solution is removed in a washing step. A chromogen substrate is added to the wells resulting in the progressive development of a blue colored complex with the detection antibody. The color development is then stopped by the addition of acid turning the resultant final product yellow. The measurement is made photometrically at 450 nm and the intensity of the produced colored complex is indirectly proportional to the concentration of total Aflatoxin present in the samples and standards.

4. Reagents Provided

1 Standard Total Green ELISA kit contains sufficient reagents and materials for 48 measurements (including Zero standard test). Zero Standard (St1) is the only standard provided and the B/B0 values of St2-St5 (4 - 50 ppb) are reported in the Quality Assurance Certificate of each lot.

Reagents (Store at 2-8°C)	Quantity for 48 wells	State	Vial cap color
Single-Break Strip Plate	48 wells	Ready to use (precoated)	-
Dilution Microwells	48 wells	Ready to use (green color)	-
Extraction Powder	47 pouches	Ready to use	-
Zero Standard (St1) (0 ppb of Total Aflatoxin in aqueous solution)	1 plastic vial (3ml)	Ready to use	Brown
1 Standard Total Green Detection Solution	1 plastic vial (12ml)	Ready to use	Green
Wash Buffer	1 plastic vial (50ml)	20X Concentrate (dilute in distilled water)	White
TMB Substrate	1 plastic vial (6ml)	Ready to use	Brown
Stop Solution	1 plastic vial (6ml)	Ready to use	White

5. Materials required but not provided

- A grinder sufficient to render sample to particle size of fine instant coffee
- Balance with 0 - 50g measuring capability and Graduated cylinder - 100mL
- Distilled or deionized water
- Centrifuge, or mini centrifuge (spin), centrifugal vials, or plastic tubes 1.5 or 2 mL

- Vortex mixer and Microtiter plate reader fitted with 450 nm filter
- 100, 200 and 1000 µl adjustable single channel micropipettes with disposable tips (a repetitive pipette of 100µl is acceptable for the steps of TMB and Stop Solution)
- 50 - 300 µl multi-channel micropipette with disposable tips and reservoirs

6. Storage Instructions

Store kit reagents between 2 and 8°C (35 - 46°F). Do not freeze any components provided. Reseal immediately the unused strips of the microtiter plate in the bag together with the desiccant bag provided and store at 2 - 8°C. After use remaining reagents should be returned to cold storage (2 - 8°C). Expiry of the kit and reagents is stated on the labels respectively and no quality guarantee is accepted after the expiration date. The expiry of the kit components can only be guaranteed if the components are stored properly as well as if the reagent is not contaminated by the first handling, in case of repeated use of one component. Because of the colorless TMB Substrate and standards 1-7 light sensitivity, avoid the exposure to direct light. Do not interchange individual reagents between kits of different lot numbers.

7. Safety and Precautions for use

- Avoid any skin contact with Stop Solution (8% H₃PO₄) and TMB (toxic). **Use gloves.** In case of contact, wash thoroughly with water.
- All reagents should be warmed in room temperature before use and covered when not in use. **Use a clean disposable plastic pipette tip for each reagent, in order to avoid cross contamination. When pipetting reagents, maintain a consistent order of addition from well-to-well. This will ensure equal incubation times for all wells.**
- Use a clean plastic container to prepare the wash buffer and all residual washing liquid must be drained from the wells by efficient aspiration or by decantation followed by tapping the plate forcefully on absorbent paper. Never insert absorbent paper into the well. Read the absorbance within 60 minutes after completion of the assay.

8. Indication of corruption of kit reagents

- The bluish coloration of the chromogen substrate before the ELISA test.
- A value of less than 0.7 absorbance units (ABS 450nm) for the Standard 1 (St1).

9. Sample and reagents preparation

9.1 Reagents preparation

- Dilute the 20X solution concentrate 20 fold with distilled water to give a **1X** working solution.

Preparation of Wash Buffer 1X: In case of the occurrence of crystals in the Wash Buffer, the warming by gentle dismantling (using hands) of the crystals is needed. Pour entire content of the solution concentrate (50ml) into a clean 1000ml graduated cylinder, rinse the vial with distilled or deionized water and pour the content again into the cylinder and fill to a final volume of 1000ml with distilled or deionized water. Mix gently to avoid foaming, transferring the final solution from cylinder to a clean bottle and back two times. The clean bottle with **1X Wash Buffer** working solution can be left out of the refrigerator during the method procedure and subsequent be stored 2 - 8°C for one month.

9.2 Samples preparation

9.2.1 Ground samples

- The sample must be collected according to established sampling techniques. Grind a representative sample to the particle size of fine instant coffee (50% passes through a 20 mesh screen).
- Weigh out a 10g ground portion of the sample, add the content of 1 pouch of extraction powder into the grounded sample and add 50ml of distilled or deionized water into the sample. **The ratio of sample to extraction solvent is 1:5 (w/v).**
- Mix in a blender for a minimum of 2 minutes.
- Centrifuge for 2 min, at least 2500 g, at room temperature (20 - 25 °C / 68 - 77 °F) and/ (alternatively 1 mL of the extract can be centrifuged with high speed for 2 min in reaction caps by using a microcentrifuge).
- Use 100 µL of each supernatant directly in the immunoassay.

NOTE 1: The extracted sample should have pH value of 6.2 - 7.5. If the pH is less than 6.2, it should be neutralized using NaOH.

10. Method Procedure

10.1 Assay Design: Determine the number of microwell strips required to test the desired number of samples plus appropriate number of wells needed for zero standard. Considering that each sample and standard can be tested in single or in duplicate, create a layout.

NOTE: It is preferred to use no more than 32 wells (four strips) in each assay.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	St1											
B												
C												
D												
E												
F												
G												
H												

Example plate layout

10.2 Bring all reagents to room temperature (19 - 24°C) before use. Remove the **standard** (Zero Standard) and place the **appropriate number** of Dilution Microwells (green) in a microwell holder for each Standard and Sample to be tested. Place an equal number of Antibody Coated Microtiter Wells in another microwell holder. Immediately reseal the unused strips of the microtiter plate in the bag together with the desiccant bag provided. The samples should be stored in a cool place.

10.3 Add **200 µL** of **1 Standard Total Green Detection Solution** to each Dilution Well.

10.4 Using new pipette tip for each, add **100 µL** of **Standard 1** and prepared sample (see Chapter 9) to appropriate Dilution Well containing the **1 Standard Total Green Detection Solution**. Mix by priming pipetting at least 5 times.

10.5 Using a multichannel pipette, transfer **100 µL** of contents from each Dilution Microwell to a corresponding Antibody Coated Microtiter Well. Incubate at room temperature for **10 minutes**.

10.6 Wash the plate as follows: Aspirate the liquid from each well into the sink and tap the holder of microwells upside down strongly (four times in a row) on an absorbent paper to insure the complete removal of liquid from the wells. Dispense **300 µL** of **Wash Buffer 1X** (see 9.1) into each well with wash bottle or multichannel micropipette using the proper reagent reservoir and shaking the plate manually for a few seconds. Repeat this process for another two times (**total 3 times**). **CAUTION:** It is important to not allow microwells to dry between working steps.

10.7 Aspirate the liquid as described above and add **100 µL** per well of **TMB Substrate** (pour 1ml per 8 wells in a reservoir). Shake the plate manually for a few seconds and incubate in the dark at room temperature for **5 minutes**.

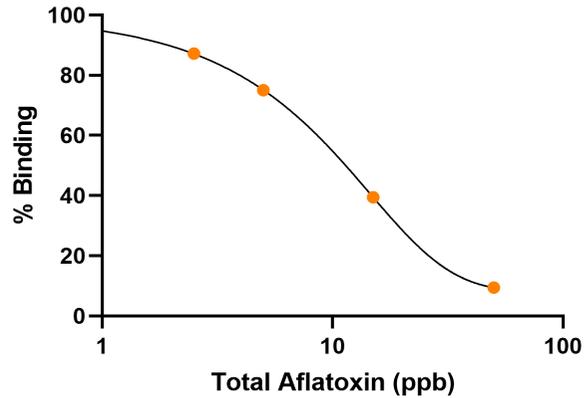
10.8 Add **100 µL** per well of the **Stop Solution** to each well (pour 1 mL per 8 wells in a reservoir). Mix gently by shaking again the plate manually.

10.9 Measure the absorbance at 450 nm. Read the absorbance value of each well (within 60 minutes after the step 10.8) on a spectrophotometer using 450 nm as the primary wavelength and optionally 620 nm as the reference wave length (610 nm to 650 nm is acceptable).

11. Data Analysis

To evaluate the 1 Standard Total Green ELISA kit, first download the free **Prognosis-Data-Reader software** by contacting exports@prognosis-biotech.com. After installing the software, scan the QR code on the kit box or manually enter the lot number (e.g., type **"D51XX023"** for lot D5148023). The B/B0 (%) values will be automatically downloaded. Then, paste your measurement data values into the software and press "Analyze" to evaluate the results.

12. Example of Standard Curve (0 - 50ppb)



13. Performance Evaluation

13.1 Reference Materials

Several reference materials are being used for the evaluation of each product of ProGnosis Biotech S.A. in the context of Quality Control performed by Quality Control Department. Please request a validation report, including the results, at exports@prognosis-biotech.com.

14. Method Summary

Total procedure time (after samples and reagents preparation): 15min.

Mix 200 μ L of the Detection Solution with 100 μ L of the samples and standard in the Dilution Microwells



Transfer 100 μ L from each well of the Dilution Microwells into the Antibody Coated Microwells



Incubate 10 min at room temperature



Wash three times



Add 100 μ L of TMB Substrate



Let the color develop for 5 min in the dark at room temperature



Add 100 μ L Stop Solution



Read Absorbance at 450 nm within 60 min



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- **Shelf life:** 14 months
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All immune assays supplied by ProGnosis Biotech S.A., are warranted to meet or exceed our published specification when used under normal conditions in your laboratory. If the product fails during the stated period, a replacement product will be issued.

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D5148 Manual_1-Standard Total Green_v2_en



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